

# Carson City Daily Appeal

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## SUPERINTENDENT SNUBS STRIKERS

[By United Press]  
BAYONNE, Oct. 17.—Superintendent Hennessy of the Standard Oil company today snubbed the strikers' committee who went to him asking him to end the strike by a wage increase, according to the men. They

were not authorized to end the strike but to present demands. Many shots were fired today in two clashes between the strikers and the police. The strikers were accused of attempting to burn the Tidewater plant after the discovery of fire around the buildings.

## BERLIN CLAIMS BRITISH AND FRENCH ATTACKS WERE REPULSED

Serious Rioting Is Reported at Athens—French Sailors Seize Municipal Theatre and Plant Machine Guns—"Tragedy of Somme Near Its Climax," Germans Say

[By United Press]  
BERLIN, Oct. 17.—It is announced the British attacks at Guedecourt and the French attacks at Salley have been repulsed. The Rumanians are stubbornly defending the northwestern passes. South of Dorna Vatra the Tenthons captured heights east of the Neagra river, where violent attacks by the Russians have been repelled.

captured a number of houses at Sallay-Saillisset, northeast of Comblès and repulsed the German counters.

### British Take Trenches

[By United Press]  
LONDON, Oct. 17.—North of Arras the British have taken a number of trenches. The capture of Thiépval made this extension of the Somme front possible. British patrols are active on both the Macedonian fronts.

### Sustain Frightful Loss

[By United Press]  
BERLIN, Oct. 17.—It is semi-officially announced the Allies lost frightfully in unsuccessfully attacking the North Somme sector. A report says the "tragedy of the Somme" seems to be near its climax, and declares the British were now down at Cammedecourt.

### Rioting in Athens

[By United Press]  
LONDON, Oct. 17.—Serious rioting at Athens is intimated. The French sailors have seized the municipal theater and planted machine guns ready for action. The Allies have also taken over three Greek battleships.

### French Repulse Counters

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The French have

## SERIOUS CHARGE MADE AGAINST U. S.

[By United Press]

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Lord Beresford, in the House of Lords this afternoon charged that American destroyers violated neutrality laws by standing by and watching the U-53 sink British merchantmen and intimidated their presence there was due

to arrangements made while the diver was at Newport. Foreign Secretary Gray said the government was withholding judgment until it was positive the destroyers watched the destruction and moved out of range to facilitate the submarine's operations.

## HON. SAM BELFORD DELIVERS REMARKABLE POLITICAL ADDRESS

Wins Many Votes for Democracy by His Forceful Interpretation of Achievements of Wilson Administration

Sam Belford last evening at the C. & C. theater delivered an address before a large and enthusiastic audience. Every seat in the house was occupied, and even standing room was at a premium, the crowd extending far out onto the sidewalk, while automobiles filled with attentive listeners stood at the curb.

Mr. Belford was at his best and this speech was one of the most remarkable that was ever delivered in Carson, or in the state for that matter. This is seemingly an extravagant statement, but true nevertheless.

Never before has a man appeared before a Carson audience who so electrified his hearers by his oratory or his clear and forcible presentation of the achievements of President Wilson, and his answer to the criticisms of the latter's enemies. He followed the achievements of President Wilson step by step, for the years he has been in office, dwelling but a short time on each of them, but making his comparisons and illustrations so plain as between the accomplishments of the Republican party who had been in power and in the control of the government for the past fifty-two years, less the eight years that a Democratic president occupied the chair, and what the Democratic party under the leadership of Wilson had accomplished the past three years. He made his points so clear that even the most biased minded or partisan of the most pronounced type could not help but take to heart the words of wisdom, truth and eloquence which flowed from his lips.

Mr. Belford spoke like one inspired, rather than like one who had simply come to make a political address in favor of the party of which he was a member. It was a masterful effort and it can not but have a lasting effect upon all those who were fortunate enough to hear it.

Mr. Belford spoke of the Federal Reserve act, of the advantage accruing to the great mass of people through the removal of the financial power from Wall Street to the hands

of the government. He illustrated this by referring to the panic brought on in 1907 by a few in control of the money of the United States. When the panic had outrun expectations and Wall Street was no longer able to cope with it the Republican president and secretary of treasury loaned the banks \$250,000,000 of the people's money to bolster up the financial situation. When a panic was threatened early in Wilson's administration the president ordered the secretary of the treasury to notify the money barons that in the event of another panic being started he would send \$500,000,000 of the people's money to the country banks. Wall Street subsided and has not cheeped since.

The administration has not only placed money at the disposal of the farmers, enabling them to market their crops, it has gone a long step further and will enable them to obtain money to raise their crops without having to pay a prohibitive interest rate as well.

Mr. Belford took up the Republican feith of non-preparedness and showed that if the United States is really in the state of non-preparedness as claimed by Candidate Hughes the fault lies at the door of the Republican party; that while in power fifty-two years less eight the Republican party spent millions of dollars on the army and navy; that in Taft's administration and Roosevelt's administration more money was appropriated by this government for national preparedness than was appropriated in the same time by either France or Germany; that the United States navy during Cleveland's last administration ranked second in the navies of the world, but during Roosevelt's administration took third place, to again step back to second place under President Wilson. Mr. Belford asked if we were so unprepared where had the money gone in the many years of Republican rule? The answer was apparent to all—the sweetening of the "pork barrels." Under Belford's sledge hammer

## FEEL SORE AT CITY COUNCIL

[By United Press]

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 17.—The chamber of commerce has appealed for private subscriptions for a fund to entertain the returning militiamen, following the City Council's refusal to appropriate \$3,000, because they

did not see the necessity of appropriating money to entertain men "who had been doing only what was their duty." The people are indignant at their attitude. The Second and Seventh infantry and troops of artillery and cavalry are not expected until Friday or Saturday.

## GENERAL HINDENBURG BEGINS OFFENSIVE ON RUMANIAN FORCES

Advance Also to Be Made on Russians in Carpathians With Ostensible Purpose of Splitting Two Armies—Servians Repulse Bulgarian Counters

[By United Press]

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Apparently General Hindenburg's Rumanian offensive has started, the Tenthons attacking on a sixty-mile front along the Northwestern Rumanian frontier. They will also begin heavy attacks on the Russian Carpathian positions. Rumania admits Tenthon successes in the northwest, but Russia says that all Tenthon attacks on the Russians at Dorna Vatra, near the Rumanian frontier, have been repulsed. Hindenburg's blow will be the hardest here, apparently in an effort to wedge be-

tween the Russian and Rumanian armies and the Carpathian attacks are to prevent reinforcing the Rumanian frontier. At Dobrudja fighting has been resumed along the entire front. The Servians have repulsed the violent Bulgarian counters southeast of Monastir.

### Fighting at Agas

[By United Press]  
BUCHAREST, Oct. 17.—The enemy forces in the northwest have advanced through the Trotus valley to Agas. Fighting is now proceeding there.

## STATED VILLA HAS GATHERED THOUSAND RECRUITS ABOUT HIM

[By United Press]

EL PASO, Oct. 17.—The Carranzistas have announced that Villa, with 800 veterans and 1,000 recruits, is now near Temosachie, 150 miles southwest of the Pershing expedition. General Trevino reports that

Villa is sending a party to recover munitions hidden in the Sierra Madres. It is reported there have been 2,000 deaths in Zacatecas towns from starvation in four months. Juarez has been asked to send food there.

blows at this point the audience was aroused to such heights of enthusiasm that the bursts of applause caused him difficulty in proceeding with his address and some of his most telling remarks were lost to the audience through being drowned by the uproar.

He then took up the Mexican situation and showed the efforts the present administration had made to avoid intervention. He said there were not three sides to the problem, only two—intervention or non-intervention. The cost of intervention was pointed out; the loss to the nation of our young manhood, the many millions of dollars required to subdue our neighbor and police her country for years to come, and the loss of all the friendly feeling now existing for this country by our Latin-American neighbors in Central and South America. Mr. Belford spoke of the causes of the revolution in Mexico and stated that it was mainly due to the exploitation of the agricultural and mineral resources of the country, beginning during the Diaz regime and continuing to the present time. The Mexican saw all the rich resources of the country, given by God for the use of the people of that nation, farmed out to foreigners. He spoke of the William Randolph Hearst million-acre ranch, conceded to him by Diaz for a paltry sum, while it was already occupied by hundreds of peons who had their little homes there. He spoke of the other exploitations of big interests, making it impossible for the people of that country to do other than revolt rather than to submit to the abject slavery and destitution that such a policy had brought about. He spoke of the better understanding brought about between our country

and its warring neighbor by the diplomacy of the present administration and of the men now sitting in conference at Atlantic City for the purpose of cementing friendly relations.

Mr. Belford's humorous remarks about his friend, the Hon. Samuel Platt, brought down the house and was received by outburst of applause, but not such as the Republican candidate for United States senator would have appreciated could he have heard it. Taking up Platt's attitude on woman's suffrage he contrasted it with Senator Pittman's. The latter "ought for woman's suffrage in 1910 when it took courage to come out on that side; and again in 1912 and 1914. Platt observed a discreet silence on the question until this year when it was to his and his party's interest to come out for woman's suffrage. Belford's remark that Platt now was the only simon-pure advocate of woman's suffrage in the state brought down the house; he further paid his respects to his friend Samuel, by saying that in the latter's campaign of two years ago he made a great deal of the fact that he was native born and made a campaign issue on something with which he had nothing to do and could not help. He also drew

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## WORLD EVENTS

[By United Press]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—The Wilson women leaders announced today they do not intend to heckle the Hughes party or interfere with their meetings this afternoon. They intend to follow the party around in "rubberneck" wagons, covered with Wilson banners and slogans.

### His Efforts Fruitless

[By United Press]  
SHADOW LAWN, Oct. 17.—President Wilson announced today he had not yet been successful in securing from the belligerents a Polish relief agreement, because of unimportant differences between the Allied and Central Powers as to the terms under which relief could have been sent to Poland. He admits his efforts were fruitless.

### Off for the Woolly West

[By United Press]  
NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Colonel Roosevelt this morning started on a tour through Kentucky, Arizona, New Mexico and Colorado. He will make thirteen platform speeches in Kentucky before his big speech in Louisville.

### Shy of Help

[By United Press]  
HOOD RIVER, Ore., Oct. 17.—Facing a heavy loss owing to the scarcity of labor applegrowers are circulating petitions asking the close of schools and stores and everybody to help pick the crop, thereby preventing ruin.

## Mary Pickford as 'Poor Little Peppina'

Tonight the Grand features Mary Pickford, America's sweetheart, who scores a triumph of versatility as the Italian-American girl in "Poor Little Peppina," a six-reel feature.

It is a far cry from the slender little Japanese Cho-Cho-San of "Madame Butterfly" to the heroic figure of "Poor Little Peppina," but the art of the Famous Players star has enabled her to bridge that gap and to make of the near-Italian girl, who lives as a boy, one of the greatest characterizations of her long list of successes.

In this Paramount Picture Miss Pickford gives an entirely different interpretation from anything that she has ever attempted.

Also—Bray's Animated Comedy Cartoon—Seven reels of enjoyment.

C. G. Patrick of Goldfield was a visitor in Carson yesterday.

### Everybody

In town and many others are talking about, boosting for and going to, the Carson Band Dance on

October 20th

## Do It Now

### Registration Closes October 20th

### ONLY 3 MORE DAYS

### IT'S A LONG TIME

Since a good old-fashioned dance has been given, Young and old are preparing for the greatest dance of the season on October 20th.